

Safety Data Sheet

Section 1 – Identificatio	n of the S	ubstance/Pre	paration, an	d of the	Company		
Product Identifier:			-	[WHMIS Clas	ssification]		
AP Style # 955 & 955B & 95	56			N/A			
Product Use:				I			
Gasketing							
Manufacturer's Name:			Supplier's Name	:			
Curtiss-Wright			Curtiss-Wrig	ht			
Street Address:			Street Address:				
18001 Sheldon Road			18001 Sheld	don Road			
City:		State:	City:			State:	
Middleburg Hts.		ОН	Middleburg	Hts.		ОН	
Postal Code:	Emergency Te	elephone:	Postal Code:		Emergency Telepl	hone:	
44130	+1.216.26	7.3200	44130		+1.216.267.3	200	
Date MSDS Prepared:		MSDS Prepared By	<u>/:</u>		Phone Number:		
2/22/2016		Raymond Moc	ody		+1.216.267.32	200	

Section 2 –Composition/Information on Ingredients				
Hazardous Ingredients (specific)	%	CAS Number	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV
Fibrous Glass	95-97%	65997-17-3	10mg/m3	10mg/m3

Section 3 -	Hazards Identifica	tion			
Route of Entry:	Skin Absorption	Eye Contact	Inhalation	⊠ Ingestion	· · · · ·
[Emergency Overv	iew]				
Dermal irritati	rge amounts of dust r on and allergic skin re rs and particulates. Av	eaction if dust cont	acts skin for prol	onged or repeated pe	eriods. WARNING:



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[WHMIS Symbols]

N/A

[Potential Health Hazard]

Eye – Eye contact may cause slight chemical and mechanical irritation.

Skin - Dermal irritation and allergic skin reaction if dust contacts skin for prolonged or repeated periods. May cause abrasion with resulting irritation and rash.

Inhalation - Release of large amounts of dust may cause upper respiratory tract irritation and dust related lung disease (fibrosis).

Ingestion – Low toxicity if ingested.

Section 4 – First Aid Measures

Skin Contact:

Frequent washing will deter transitory chemical and mechanical dermatitis. If rash develops consult a physician

Eye Contact:

Immediately wash eyes with water for at least 5 minutes. Seek medical attention is discomfort persists.

Inhalation:

Remove patient to fresh air. Seek medical attention.

Ingestion:

Induce vomiting and seek medical attention.

Section 5 – Fire Fight	ing Meas	ures		
Flammable:	If yes, under v	what conditions?		
🛛 Yes 🗌 No	Heat Flam	at Flame		
Means of Extinction:				
Use water, DRY chemica	l, carbon di	oxide, foam, or water spray. Use ade	quate personal protective equip	ment
Flashpoint (°C) and Method:		Flashpoint (°C) and Method:	Flashpoint (°C) and Method:	
No data No data				
Auto ignition Temperature (°C):		Auto ignition Temperature (°C):	Auto ignition Temperature (°C):	

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No data	No data	No data		
Hazardous Combustion Product	s:			
Carbon monoxide and	Carbon dioxide			
[NFPA]:				
N/A				

Section 6 – Accidental Release Measures

Leak and Spill Procedures:

As Gasketing, product does not spill or create a release. Accumulated dust may be vacuumed using a vacuum fitted with a HEPA filter or wet mopped for cleanup.

Section 7 – Handling and Storage]
Handling Procedures and Equipment:	
In normal handling of sheet and gaskets, no significant release of dust occurs.	
Storage Requirements:	
While there are no hazards associated with storage we recommend the following storage conditions.	
Storage temperature below 75°F	
Humidity between 50% - 60%	
Darkened storage room	
If these conditions are met, a useful life of 5 years can be expected.	

Section 8 – Exposu	re Controls/Pe	rsonal Prote	ction				
Exposure limits:	ACGIH TLV	S OSH	\ PEL	☐ Other (sp	oecify)		
Specific Engineering Controls (s	such as ventilation, enc	losure process)					
Ventilation needed only	/ for dust-produc	ing activities. L	ocal exhau	ust may be nec	essary for so	me application	ons.
Personal Protective Equipment	⊠ Gloves	Respirator	🛛 Eye	□ Footwear	\boxtimes clothing	□ other	
If marked, please specify type:							
Skin protection - For be When prolonged or fre					0 0		

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rubber to prevent skin irritation and dermatitis.

Respiratory Protection - Respiratory protection is not required under normal processing of sheet gaskets. Respiratory protection is required when dust-emitting activates (grinding, pile driving, sanding, etc.) are performed. Use only NIOSH/MSHA approved air-purifying respirators or positive pressure, self-contained breathing apparatus when exposure guidelines are greatly exceeded. In confined or poorly ventilated areas, use approved SCBA device.

Eye Protection – Safety glasses are recommended when dust-emitting activates occur.

Section 9 – Physical and Chemi	cal Properties	
Physical State:	Odor and Appearance:	Odor Threshold:
Solid	Slight characteristic odor, white elastomer compound on fabric	Not relevant
Specific Gravity:	Vapor Density (air =1):	Vapor Pressure (mmHg):
N/A	N/A	N/A
Evaporation rate:	Boiling Point (°C):	Freezing Point (°C):
N/A	N/A	N/A
pH:	Coefficient of Water / Oil Distribution:	[Solubility in Water]:
N/A	N/A	Insoluble

Section 10 – Stability and	Reactivity
Chemical Stability	If no, under which conditions?
🛛 Yes 🗌 No	
Incompatibility With Other Substances	If yes, which ones?
🛛 Yes 🗌 No	Strong oxidizers, strong Acids and bases
(Conditions to avoid) Avoid op decomposition.	en flame, welding arcs, or high temperature sources which induce thermal
Reactivity and under what conditions:	
(Specific materials to avoid) A cause premature product dege	void strong oxidizers, strong Acids and bases. Exposure to these chemicals may eneration.

Hazardous Decomposition Product:

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Section 11 – Toxicological Information	
Effects of Acute Exposure	
nhalation or ingestion of finely divided powder o	r dust may be harmful.
ffects of Chronic Exposure:	
Contains fibers and particulates. Avoid Creating of lamage.	dust. Breathing Gasket dust may cause permanent lung
ritancy of Product:	
Relative	
kin Sensitization:	Respiratory Sensitization:
Relative	Relative
Carcinogenicity – IARC:	Carcinogenicity – ACGIH:
Not listed as Carcinogenic	Not listed as Carcinogenic
Reproductive Toxicity:	Teratogenicity:
No data available	No data available
mbryo toxicity:	Mutagenicity:
lo data available	No data available
lame of Synergistic Products / Effects:	
lo data available	

Section 12 – Ecological Information]
Aquatic Toxicity:	
No data available	

Section 13 – Disposal Considerations



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Waste Disposal: Gasket materials are not hazardous waste as defined under RCRA. However, since waste disposal laws vary within states and municipalities, disposal of these products should be in accordance with all local, state, and federal laws and regulations (contact local or state environmental agencies for specific rules).

Section 14 – Transport Informatio	n	
Special Shipping Information:		
No special precautions necessary.		
		PIN
		N/A
TDG:	[DOT]	
N/A	Not regulated	
[IMO]	[ICAO]	
N/A	N/A	

Section 15 – Regulatory Information		
[WHMIS Classification]	[OSHA]	
Not regulated	Not regulated	
[SERA]	[TSCA]	
Not regulated	Not regulated	
This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and MSDS		

contains all of the information required by CPR.

Section 16 – Other Information

Use: The limitations of use decrease significantly as gasket thickness increases. Do not use a thicker gasket material or "double gaskets" to solve a gasket problem without first consulting the manufacturer. Curtiss-Wright engineers can advise on gasket selection and installation based on specified operating conditions. If you are in any doubt, visit our website at <u>www.cwnuclear.com</u>, fax us at 724-295-6201 or phone us at +1.216.267.3200.

All gaskets should be cut by trained personnel only. Incorrect cutting can produce weaknesses in a gasket that may not be visible, but could cause failure. Gasket installation should be carried out by trained personnel only.

The ability of a gasket material to make and maintain a seal depends not only on the quality of the gasket

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material, but also on medium being sealed, the flange design, the amount of pressure applied to the gasket by the bolts and how the gasket is assembled into the flanges and tightened.

The higher the operating pressure and/or temperature, the greater the care and expertise required in selecting and installing gaskets. This includes, but is not limited to: confirmation that the flanges are suitable for the intended use; the finish on the flange faces; the parallelism of the flange faces; confirmation that the studs, bolts, washers and nuts are suitable for the intended use and in good condition; no anti stick compound is applied to the flanges or gaskets; confirmation that the gasket material and thickness are suitable for the intended use; and the gasket is evenly loaded by the correct tightening sequence of the bolts or studs, and to the correct torque to give the required gasket assembly stress. The use of torque wrenches, hydraulic bolt tensioners or other loading devices can assist achievement of the correct gasket stress.

The application of release agents to the gasket or flanges may cause gasket failure.

Because conditions of use are beyond the manufacturer's control, it is the responsibility of the user to ensure that the product is suitable for the intended use.

WARNING: Catastrophic gasket failure can be caused by steam or water hammer. Steam or water hammer can cause an instantaneous increase in internal pressure on the assembly that far exceeds the design or test pressures. Where water hammer exists, the basic problem should be corrected. DO NOT USE AP MATERIAL IN APPLICATIONS WHERE WATER OR STEAM HAMMER MAY STRESS THE GASKET BEYOND ITS DESIGN TOLERANCES

The information above is believed to be accurate and represents the best information available to us. However, we make no warranty expressed or implied, with respect to such information, and we assume no liability resulting from its use.

[Optional, not required under WHMIS]