

Safety Data Sheet

Section 1 – Identification of the Substance/Pre				[WHMIS Classification]					
AP Style # 941					N/A				
Product Use:									
Gasketing / Valve Packii	ng								
Manufacturer's Name:					Supplier	's Name:			
Curtiss-Wright					Curtis	s-Wrigh	nt		
Street Address:					Street A	ddress:			
18001 Sheldon Road							on Road		
			1			Official	Jii i toad		12
City:			State	:	City:				State:
Middleburg Hts.		ОН		Middleburg Hts.		lts.		ОН	
Postal Code:	Em	nergency	ergency Telephone:		Postal C	ostal Code: Emergency		Emergency Telep	ohone:
44130	+1	+1.216.267.3200		0	44130 +1.21		+1.216.267.3	3200	
Date MSDS Prepared:	MSDS Prepared: MSDS Prep		Prepared By	By: Phone Nu		Phone Number:			
2/22/2016		Rayr	Raymond Moody			+1.216.267.3200			
Section 2 -Composit	ion/In	forma	tion o	n Ingred	ients				
Hazardous Ingredients			%	CAS Nu	mber	OSHA	PEL	А	CGIH TLV
(specific)									
Fibrous Glass		45	-50%			10mg/	m3	10	Omg/m3
Natural Rubber		50	-55%			NL		N	L
Section 3 – Hazards	Identif	ficatio	n						
Route of Entry: Skin A	bsorption		⊠ Eye 0	Contact	⊠ Inh	alation	⊠ Ing	gestion	1
[Emergency Overview]									
Release of large amoun	to of du	ict may	, 001100	Lippor ro	onirotor	v troot i	rritation	and dust ralate	ad lung diagon
ivercase of faither attituding	iio Ul Ul	uol IIId\	caust	upper ie	סטוו מנטו	v แสนเโ	i i ii aiii Ui L	コロロ いいるに ほほばほ	っし いいいい いしきはんき

Contains fibers and particulates. Avoid Creating dust. Breathing Gasket dust may cause permanent lung



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damaga						
damage.						
[WHMIS Symbols]						
N/A						
[Potential Health Hazard]						
Eye – Eye contact may cause slight chemical and mechanical irritation.						
Skin - Dermal irritation and allergic skin reaction if dust contacts skin for prolonged or repeated periods. May						
cause abrasion with resu	cause abrasion with resulting irritation and rash.					
Inhalation - Release of la	rge amoun	ts of dust may cause upper respirator	v tract irritation and dust related lung			
disease (fibrosis).	igo amoun	to or dust may sause appear respirator,	y tract initiation and dact related lang			
Ingestion – Low toxicity if	ingested.					
Continu 4 First Aid B	10					
Section 4 – First Aid N	weasures					
Frequent washing will de	ter transitoi	ry chemical and mechanical dermatitis	s. If rash develops consult a physician			
Eye Contact:						
Immediately wash eyes v	vith water f	or at least 5 minutes. Seek medical at	tention is discomfort persists.			
Inhalation:						
Remove patient to fresh a	air. Seek mo	edical attention				
•						
Ingestion:						
Induce vomiting and seek medical attention.						
Saction E Fire Fight	ing Magg	Iroc				
Flammable:	rction 5 – Fire Fighting Measures If yes, under what conditions?					
⊠ Yes □ No	B □ No Heat Flame					
Means of Extinction:						
Use water, DRY chemical, carbon dioxide, foam, or water spray. Use adequate personal protective equipment						
Flashpoint (°C) and Method: Flashpoint (°C) and Method: Flashpoint (°C) and Method:			Flashpoint (°C) and Method:			
No data		No data	No data			
No data		TVO GAIG	ivo data			



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Auto ignition Temperature (°C):	Auto ignition Temperature (°C):	Auto ignition Temperature (°C):		
No data	No data	No data		
Hazardous Combustion Products:				
Carbon monoxide and Carbon	ı dioxide			
[NFPA]:				
N/A				
Section 6 – Accidental Re	elease Measures			
Leak and Spill Procedures:		'		
	does not spill or create a release ter or wet mopped for cleanup.	. Accumulated dust may be vacuumed using a		
Section 7 – Handling and Handling Procedures and Equipment:	Storage			
In normal handling of sheet and gaskets, no significant release of dust occurs.				
Storage Requirements:				
While there are no hazards as	sociated with storage we recom	mend the following storage conditions.		
Storage temperature below 7	5°F			
Humidity between 50% - 60%	,			
Darkened storage room				
If these conditions are met, a	useful life of 5 years can be expe	ected.		
Section 8 – Exposure Co	ntrols/Personal Protection			
<u>-</u>	GIH TLV ⊠ OSHA PEL	☐ Other (specify)		
Specific Engineering Controls (such as v	entilation, enclosure process)			
Ventilation needed only for du	st-producing activities. Local exh	aust may be necessary for some applications.		
Personal Protective Equipment	☐ Gloves ☐ Respirator ☐ Eye	☐ Footwear		
If marked, please specify type:				



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Skin protection - For brief contact, no precautions other than clean body-covering clothing should be needed. When prolonged or frequent repeated contact could occur, use protective clothing and gloves such as butyl rubber to prevent skin irritation and dermatitis.

Respiratory Protection - Respiratory protection is not required under normal processing of sheet gaskets. Respiratory protection is required when dust-emitting activates (grinding, pile driving, sanding, etc.) are performed. Use only NIOSH/MSHA approved air-purifying respirators or positive pressure, self-contained breathing apparatus when exposure guidelines are greatly exceeded. In confined or poorly ventilated areas, use approved SCBA device.

Eye Protection – Safety glasses are recommended when dust-emitting activates occur.

Section 9 – Physica	Il and Chemical Properties		
Physical State:	Odor and Appearance:	Odor Threshold:	
Solid	Slight characteristic odor, white	Not relevant	
	elastomer compound on fabric		
Specific Gravity:	Vapor Density (air =1):	Vapor Pressure (mmHg):	
N/A	N/A	N/A	
Evaporation rate:	Boiling Point (°C):	Freezing Point (°C):	
N/A	N/A	N/A	
pH:	Coefficient of Water / Oil Distribution:	[Solubility in Water]:	
N/A	N/A	Insoluble	
Section 10 - Stabili	ty and Reactivity		
Chemical Stability	If no, under which conditions?		

(Conditions to avoid) Avoid open flame, welding arcs, or high temperature sources which induce thermal decomposition.

Strong oxidizers, strong Acids and bases

If yes, which ones?

Reactivity and under what conditions:

⊠ Yes □ No

Incompatibility With Other Substances

(Specific materials to avoid) Avoid strong oxidizers, strong Acids and bases. Exposure to these chemicals may cause premature product degeneration.



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Hazard	auot	Decom	position	Prod	luct:
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Carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide.

Section 11 Toxicological Information				
Section 11 – Toxicological Information Effects of Acute Exposure				
Inhalation or ingestion of finely divided powder or dust may	y be harmful.			
Effects of Chronic Exposure:				
Contains fibers and particulates. Avoid Creating dust. Breadamage.	thing Gasket dust may cause permanent lung			
Irritancy of Product:				
Relative				
Skin Sensitization:	Respiratory Sensitization:			
Relative	Relative			
Carcinogenicity – IARC:	Carcinogenicity – ACGIH:			
Not listed as Carcinogenic	Not listed as Carcinogenic			
Reproductive Toxicity:	Teratogenicity:			
No data available	No data available			
Embryo toxicity:	Mutagenicity:			
No data available	No data available			
Name of Synergistic Products / Effects:	1			
No data available				
[Optional, not required under WHMIS]				

Aquatic Toxicity:

No data available

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations



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Waste Disposal:

Gasket materials are not hazardous waste as defined under RCRA. However, since waste disposal laws vary within states and municipalities, disposal of these products should be in accordance with all local, state, and federal laws and regulations (contact local or state environmental agencies for specific rules).

Section 14 – Transport Information	
Special Shipping Information:	
No special precautions necessary.	
	PIN
	N/A
TDG:	[DOT]
N/A	Not regulated
[IMO]	[ICAO]
N/A	N/A
Section 15 – Regulatory Information	
[WHMIS Classification]	[OSHA]
Not regulated	Not regulated
[SERA]	[TSCA]
Not regulated	Not regulated
	with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and MSDS all of the information required by CPR.

Section 16 – Other Information

Use: The limitations of use decrease significantly as gasket thickness increases. Do not use a thicker gasket material or "double gaskets" to solve a gasket problem without first consulting the manufacturer. Curtiss-Wright engineers can advise on gasket selection and installation based on specified operating conditions. If you are in any doubt, visit our website at www.cwnuclear.com, fax us at 724-295-6201 or phone us at +1.216.267.3200.

All gaskets should be cut by trained personnel only. Incorrect cutting can produce weaknesses in a gasket that may not be visible, but could cause failure. Gasket installation should be carried out by trained personnel only.

The ability of a gasket material to make and maintain a seal depends not only on the quality of the gasket



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material, but also on medium being sealed, the flange design, the amount of pressure applied to the gasket by the bolts and how the gasket is assembled into the flanges and tightened.

The higher the operating pressure and/or temperature, the greater the care and expertise required in selecting and installing gaskets. This includes, but is not limited to: confirmation that the flanges are suitable for the intended use; the finish on the flange faces; the parallelism of the flange faces; confirmation that the studs, bolts, washers and nuts are suitable for the intended use and in good condition; no anti stick compound is applied to the flanges or gaskets; confirmation that the gasket material and thickness are suitable for the intended use; and the gasket is evenly loaded by the correct tightening sequence of the bolts or studs, and to the correct torque to give the required gasket assembly stress. The use of torque wrenches, hydraulic bolt tensioners or other loading devices can assist achievement of the correct gasket stress.

The application of release agents to the gasket or flanges may cause gasket failure.

Because conditions of use are beyond the manufacturer's control, it is the responsibility of the user to ensure that the product is suitable for the intended use.

WARNING: Catastrophic gasket failure can be caused by steam or water hammer. Steam or water hammer can cause an instantaneous increase in internal pressure on the assembly that far exceeds the design or test pressures. Where water hammer exists, the basic problem should be corrected. DO NOT USE AP MATERIAL IN APPLICATIONS WHERE WATER OR STEAM HAMMER MAY STRESS THE GASKET BEYOND ITS DESIGN TOLERANCES

The information above is believed to be accurate and represents the best information available to us. However, we make no warranty expressed or implied, with respect to such information, and we assume no liability resulting from its use.

[Optional, not required under WHMIS]