

Middleburg Hts., OH

Section 1 – Identification of the Substance/Preparation, and of the Company						
Product Identifier:			[WHMIS Clas	ssification]		
AP Style # 700 & 720 & 722 & 730			N/A			
Product Use:						
Gasketing						
Manufacturer's Name:			Supplier's Name	:		
Curtiss-Wright		Curtiss-Wright				
Street Address:			Street Address:			
18001 Sheldon Road			18001 Sheldon Road			
City:		State:	City:			State:
Middleburg Hts. OH		ОН	Middleburg	Hts.		ОН
Postal Code:	Emergency Te	elephone:	Postal Code:		Emergency Teleph	none:
44130	+1.216.267.3200		44130		+1.216.267.3200	
Date MSDS Prepared: MSDS Prepared By		:		Phone Number:		
2/22/2016 Raymond Moo		ody	+1.216.267.3200		200	

Section 2 –Composition/Information on Ingredients					
Hazardous Ingredients (specific)	%	CAS Number	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV	
PTFE is considered Non-Hazardous	100%	9002-84-0			

Section 3 –	Hazards Identifica	ation				
Route of Entry:	Skin Absorption	Eye Contact	\boxtimes Inhalation	☑ Ingestion		
[Emergency Overvie	ew]					
Release of la	de amounts of dust	may cause upper	respiratory tract ir	ritation and dust-relat	ted lung diseas	se.
Dermal irritatio	Dermal irritation and allergic skin reaction if dust contacts skin for prolonged or repeated periods. WARNING					
Contains fibers	s and particulates. A	void Creating dust	Breathing Gaske	et dust mav cause pe	rmanent lung	
damage.		J	9	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	J	
j - -						
[WHMIS Symbols]						



Middleburg Hts., OH

Safety Data Sheet

N/A

[Potential Health Hazard]

Eye – Eye contact may cause slight chemical and mechanical irritation.

Skin - Dermal irritation and allergic skin reaction if dust contacts skin for prolonged or repeated periods. May cause abrasion with resulting irritation and rash.

Inhalation - Release of large amounts of dust may cause upper respiratory tract irritation and dust related lung disease (fibrosis).

Ingestion – Low toxicity if ingested.

Section 4 – First Aid Measures

Skin Contact:

Frequent washing will deter transitory chemical and mechanical dermatitis. If rash develops consult a physician

Eye Contact:

Immediately wash eyes with water for at least 5 minutes. Seek medical attention is discomfort persists.

Inhalation:

Remove patient to fresh air. Seek medical attention.

Ingestion:

Induce vomiting and seek medical attention.

Section 5 – Fire Fighting Measures						
Flammable:	If yes, under what o	conditions?				
🛛 Yes 🗌 No	Heat Flame in	eat Flame in 100% oxygen atmosphere				
Means of Extinction:						
Use water, DRY chemical, carbon dioxide, foam, or water spray. Use adequate personal protective equipment						
Flashpoint (°C) and Method:	Flas	hpoint (°C) and Method:	Flashpoint (°C) and Method:			
No data No data						
Auto ignition Temperature (°C):	Auto	ignition Temperature (°C):	Auto ignition Temperature (°C):			
No data	No	data	No data			

AP Style # 700 & 720 & 722 & 730



Middleburg Hts., OH

Hazardous Combustion Products:

Carbon monoxide, Carbon dioxide, and other toxic Gasses

[NFPA]:

N/A

Section 6 – Accidental Release Measures

Leak and Spill Procedures:

As sheet Gasketing, product does not spill or create a release. Accumulated dust may be vacuumed using a vacuum fitted with a HEPA filter or wet mopped for cleanup.

Section 7 – Handling and Storage

Handling Procedures and Equipment:

In normal handling of sheet and gaskets, no significant release of dust occurs.

Storage Requirements:

While there are no hazards associated with storage we recommend the following storage conditions.

Storage temperature below 75°F

Humidity between 50% - 60%

Darkened storage room

If these conditions are met, a useful life of 5 years can be expected.

Section 8 – Exposure Controls/Personal Protection						
Exposure limits:	ACGIH TLV		☐ Other (sp	ecify)		
Specific Engineering Controls	(such as ventilation, enclo	sure process)				
Ventilation needed only for dust-producing activities. Local exhaust may be necessary for some applications					ons.	
Personal Protective Equipment	nt 🛛 Gloves	Respirator Eye	☐ Footwear	\boxtimes clothing	□ other	
If marked, please specify type	e:					
Skin protection - For brief contact, no precautions other than clean body-covering clothing should be needed.					ded.	
When prolonged or fr rubber to prevent ski	equent repeated contract repeated contract of the second s	ontact could occur, use natitis.	protective clothin	ng and glove	es such as bu	ityl

AP Style # 700 & 720 & 722 & 730



Respiratory Protection - Respiratory protection is not required under normal processing of sheet gaskets. Respiratory protection is required when dust-emitting activates (grinding, pile driving, sanding, etc.) are performed. Use only NIOSH/MSHA approved air-purifying respirators or positive pressure, self-contained breathing apparatus when exposure guidelines are greatly exceeded. In confined or poorly ventilated areas, use approved SCBA device.

Eye Protection – Safety glasses are recommended when dust-emitting activates occur.

Section 9 – Physical and Chemical Properties				
Physical State:	Odor and Appearance:	Odor Threshold:		
Solid	No odor, White in color	Not relevant		
Specific Gravity:	Vapor Density (air =1):	Vapor Pressure (mmHg):		
2.2	N/A	N/A		
Evaporation rate:	Boiling Point (°C):	Freezing Point (°C):		
N/A	N/A	N/A		
pH:	Coefficient of Water / Oil Distribution:	[Solubility in Water]:		
N/A	N/A	Insoluble		

Section 10 – Stability and	Reactivity
Chemical Stability	If no, under which conditions?
🛛 Yes 🗌 No	
Incompatibility With Other Substances	If yes, which ones?
🖾 Yes 🗌 No	Strong oxidizers, strong Acids and bases
(Conditions to avoid) Avoid op	en flame, welding arcs, or high temperature sources which induce thermal
decomposition.	
Reactivity and under what conditions:	
(Specific materials to avoid) A cause premature product dege	void strong oxidizers, strong Acids and bases. Exposure to these chemicals may eneration.
Hazardous Decomposition Product:	
Carbon dioxide, carbon monc	oxide, and hydrogen fluoride



Middleburg Hts., OH

Section 11 – Toxicological Information				
Effects of Acute Exposure				
Inhalation or ingestion of finely divided powder or d	lust may be harmful.			
Effects of Chronic Exposure:				
Contains fibers and particulates. Avoid Creating due	st. Breathing Gasket dust may cause permanent lung			
damage.				
Irritancy of Product:				
Relative				
Skin Sensitization:	Respiratory Sensitization:			
Relative	Relative			
Carcinogenicity – IARC:	Carcinogenicity – ACGIH:			
Not listed as Carcinogenic	Not listed as Carcinogenic			
Reproductive Toxicity:	Teratogenicity:			
No data available	No data available			
Embryo toxicity:	Mutagenicity:			
No data available No data available				
Name of Synergistic Products / Effects:				
No data available				

[Optional, not required under WHMIS]

Section 12 – Ecological Information

Aquatic Toxicity:

No data available

Section 13 – Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal:

Sheet gasket materials are not hazardous waste as defined under RCRA. However, since waste disposal laws vary within states and municipalities, disposal of these products should be in accordance with all local, state, and federal laws and regulations (contact local or state environmental agencies for specific rules).



Section 14 – Transport Information		
Special Shipping Information:		
No special precautions necessary.		
		PIN
		N/A
TDG:	[DOT]	
N/A	Not regulated	
[IMO]	[ICAO]	
N/A	N/A	

Section 15 – Regulatory Information		
[WHMIS Classification]	[OSHA]	
Not regulated	Not regulated	
[SERA]	[TSCA]	
Not regulated	Not regulated	
This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and MS		
contains all of the info	prmation required by CPR.	

Section 16 – Other Information

Use: The limitations of use decrease significantly as gasket thickness increases. Do not use a thicker gasket material or "double gaskets" to solve a gasket problem without first consulting the manufacturer. Curtiss-Wright engineers can advise on gasket selection and installation based on specified operating conditions. If you are in any doubt, visit our website at <u>www.cwnuclear.com</u>, fax us at 724-295-6201 or phone us at +1.216.267.3200.

All gaskets should be cut by trained personnel only. Incorrect cutting can produce weaknesses in a gasket that may not be visible, but could cause failure. Gasket installation should be carried out by trained personnel only.

The ability of a gasket material to make and maintain a seal depends not only on the quality of the gasket material, but also on medium being sealed, the flange design, the amount of pressure applied to the gasket by the bolts and how the gasket is assembled into the flanges and tightened.

The higher the operating pressure and/or temperature, the greater the care and expertise required in selecting and installing gaskets. This includes, but is not limited to: confirmation that the flanges are suitable for the intended use; the finish on the flange faces; the parallelism of the flange faces; confirmation that the studs,

AP Style # 700 & 720 & 722 & 730



bolts, washers and nuts are suitable for the intended use and in good condition; no anti stick compound is applied to the flanges or gaskets; confirmation that the gasket material and thickness are suitable for the intended use; and the gasket is evenly loaded by the correct tightening sequence of the bolts or studs, and to the correct torque to give the required gasket assembly stress. The use of torque wrenches, hydraulic bolt tensioners or other loading devices can assist achievement of the correct gasket stress.

The application of release agents to the gasket or flanges may cause gasket failure.

Because conditions of use are beyond the manufacturer's control, it is the responsibility of the user to ensure that the product is suitable for the intended use.

WARNING: Catastrophic gasket failure can be caused by steam or water hammer. Steam or water hammer can cause an instantaneous increase in internal pressure on the assembly that far exceeds the design or test pressures. Where water hammer exists, the basic problem should be corrected. DO NOT USE AP MATERIAL IN APPLICATIONS WHERE WATER OR STEAM HAMMER MAY STRESS THE GASKET BEYOND ITS DESIGN TOLERANCES

The information above is believed to be accurate and represents the best information available to us. However, we make no warranty expressed or implied, with respect to such information, and we assume no liability resulting from its use.

[Optional, not required under WHMIS]