

Safety Data Sheet

Section 1 – Identificat	ion of the S	ubstance/Pre	paration, an	d of the	Company		
Product Identifier:			-	[WHMIS Cla	ssification]		
AP Style # 475				N/A			
Product Use:							
Gasketing							
Manufacturer's Name:			Supplier's Name	:			
Curtiss-Wright			Curtiss-Wright				
Street Address:			Street Address:				
18001 Sheldon Road			18001 Sheldon Road				
City:		State:	City:			State:	
Middleburg Hts.		ОН	Middleburg	Hts.		ОН	
Postal Code:	Emergency Te	elephone:	Postal Code:		Emergency Telep	hone:	
44130	+1.216.26	7.3200	44130		+1.216.267.3	3200	
Date MSDS Prepared: MSDS Prepared E		MSDS Prepared By	/:		Phone Number:		
2/17/2016 Raymo		Raymond Mod	ody +1.216.267.3200				

Section 2 –Composition/Information on Ingredients				
Hazardous Ingredients (specific)	%	CAS Number	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV
Considered Non-Hazardous				

Section 3 – Hazards Identification					
Route of Entry:	Skin Absorption	Eye Contact	\boxtimes Inhalation	Ingestion	
[Emergency Overv	iew]				
Dermal irritati	on and allergic skin re	eaction if dust cont	acts skin for prol	rritation and dust-related lung onged or repeated periods. W et dust may cause permanen	/ARNING:



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[WHMIS Symbols]

N/A

[Potential Health Hazard]

Eye – Eye contact may cause slight chemical and mechanical irritation.

Skin - Dermal irritation and allergic skin reaction if dust contacts skin for prolonged or repeated periods. May cause abrasion with resulting irritation and rash.

Inhalation - Release of large amounts of dust may cause upper respiratory tract irritation and dust related lung disease (fibrosis).

Ingestion – Low toxicity if ingested.

Section 4 – First Aid Measures

Skin Contact:

Frequent washing will deter transitory chemical and mechanical dermatitis. If rash develops consult a physician.

Eye Contact:

Immediately wash eyes with water for at least 5 minutes. Seek medical attention is discomfort persists.

Inhalation:

Remove patient to fresh air. Seek medical attention.

Ingestion:

Induce vomiting and seek medical attention.

Section 5 – Fire Fighting Measures				
Flammable:	If yes, under v	vhat conditions?		
🛛 Yes 🗌 No	Extreme H	xtreme Heat And Flame		
Means of Extinction:				
Use water, DRY chemical, carbon dioxide, foam, or water spray. Use adequate personal protective equipment				
Flashpoint (°C) and Method:		Upper Flammable Limit (% by Volume):	Lower Flammable Limit (% by Volume):	
Does not Flash		No data	No data	
Auto ignition Temperature (°C):		Explosion Data – Sensitivity to impact:	Explosion Data – Sensitivity to Static Disc	harge:



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No data	No data	No data
Hazardous Combustion Products:		
Carbon monoxide and Carbon dioxic	le	
[NFPA]:		
N/A		

Section 6 – Accidental Release Measures

Leak and Spill Procedures:

As sheet Gasketing, product does not spill or create a release. Accumulated dust may be vacuumed using a vacuum fitted with a HEPA filter or wet mopped for cleanup.

Section 7 – Handling and Storage

Handling Procedures and Equipment:

In normal handling of sheet and gaskets, no significant release of dust occurs.

Storage Requirements:

While there are no hazards associated with storage we recommend the following storage conditions.

Storage temperature below 75°F

Humidity between 50% - 60%

Darkened storage room

If these conditions are met, a useful life of 5 years can be expected.

Section 8 – Exposure Controls/Personal Protection]	
Exposure limits:	ACGIH TLV		A PEL	\Box Other (s	pecify)		
Specific Engineering Controls (such as ventilation, enclosure process) Ventilation needed only for dust-producing activities. Local exhaust may be necessary for some application						ons.	
Personal Protective Equipment	⊠ Gloves	⊠ Respirator	🛛 Eye	Footwear	\boxtimes clothing	□ other	
If marked, please specify type: Skin protection - For bri	ef contact, no p	precautions othe	er than cle	an body-coveri	ng clothing sl	nould be nee	ded.

When prolonged or frequent repeated contact could occur, use protective clothing and gloves such as butyl



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rubber to prevent skin irritation and dermatitis.

Respiratory Protection - Respiratory protection is not required under normal processing of sheet gaskets. Respiratory protection is required when dust-emitting activates (grinding, pile driving, sanding, etc.) are performed. Use only NIOSH/MSHA approved air-purifying respirators or positive pressure, self-contained breathing apparatus when exposure guidelines are greatly exceeded. In confined or poorly ventilated areas, use approved SCBA device.

Eye Protection – Safety glasses are recommended when dust-emitting activates occur.

Section 9 – Physical and Chemical Properties Physical State: Odor and Appearance: Odor Threshold: Solid Slight Odor Black in Color Not Relevant Specific Gravity: Vapor Density (air =1): Vapor Pressure (mmHg): 1.4 N/A N/A Evaporation rate: Boiling Point (°C): Freezing Point (°C): N/A N/A N/A Coefficient of Water / Oil Distribution: [Solubility in Water]: pH: N/A N/A Insoluble

Section 10 – Stability and	Reactivity			
Chemical Stability	If no, under which conditions?			
🛛 Yes 🗌 No				
Incompatibility With Other Substances	If yes, which ones?			
🛛 Yes 🗌 No	Strong oxidizers, strong Acids and bases			
(Conditions to avoid) Avoid op decomposition.	en flame, welding arcs, or high temperature sources which induce thermal			
Reactivity and under what conditions:				
(Specific materials to avoid) Avoid strong oxidizers, strong Acids and bases. Exposure to these chemicals may cause premature product degeneration.				
Hazardous Decomposition Product:				



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Hydrogen Chloride, Hydrogencyanide, Aliphatics, other possible

Section 11 – Toxicological Information Effects of Acute Exposure:	
Inhalation or ingestion of finely divided powde	er or dust may be harmful.
Effects of Chronic Exposure:	
Contains fibers and particulates. Avoid Creatir damage.	ng dust. Breathing Gasket dust may cause permanent lung
rritancy of Product:	
Relative	
Skin Sensitization:	Respiratory Sensitization:
Relative	Relative
Carcinogenicity – IARC:	Carcinogenicity – ACGIH:
Not listed as Carcinogenic	Not listed as Carcinogenic
Reproductive Toxicity:	Teratogenicity:
No data available	No data available
Embryo toxicity:	Mutagenicity:
No data available	No data available
Name of Synergistic Products / Effects:	
No data available	

Section 12 – Ecological Information	
Aquatic Toxicity:	
No data available	

Section 13 – Disposal Considerations



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Waste Disposal:

Sheet gasket materials are not hazardous waste as defined under RCRA. However, since waste disposal laws vary within states and municipalities, disposal of these products should be in accordance with all local, state, and federal laws and regulations (contact local or state environmental agencies for specific rules).

Section 14 – Transport Information		
Special Shipping Information:		
No special precautions necessary.		
		PIN
		N/A
TDG:	[DOT]	
	Not regulated	
[IMO]	[ICAO]	
N/A	N/A	

Section 15 – Regulatory Information		
[WHMIS Classification]	[OSHA]	
Not regulated	Not regulated	
[SERA]	[TSCA]	
Not regulated	Not regulated	
This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and MS		
contains all of the info	prmation required by CPR.	

Section 16 – Other Information

Use: The limitations of use decrease significantly as gasket thickness increases. Do not use a thicker gasket material or "double gaskets" to solve a gasket problem without first consulting the manufacturer. Curtiss-Wright engineers can advise on gasket selection and installation based on specified operating conditions. If you are in any doubt, visit our website at <u>www.cwnuclear.com</u>, fax us at 724-295-6201 or phone us at +1.216.267.3200.

All gaskets should be cut by trained personnel only. Incorrect cutting can produce weaknesses in a gasket that may not be visible, but could cause failure. Gasket installation should be carried out by trained personnel only.

The ability of a gasket material to make and maintain a seal depends not only on the quality of the gasket



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material, but also on medium being sealed, the flange design, the amount of pressure applied to the gasket by the bolts and how the gasket is assembled into the flanges and tightened.

The higher the operating pressure and/or temperature, the greater the care and expertise required in selecting and installing gaskets. This includes, but is not limited to: confirmation that the flanges are suitable for the intended use; the finish on the flange faces; the parallelism of the flange faces; confirmation that the studs, bolts, washers and nuts are suitable for the intended use and in good condition; no anti stick compound is applied to the flanges or gaskets; confirmation that the gasket material and thickness are suitable for the intended use; and the gasket is evenly loaded by the correct tightening sequence of the bolts or studs, and to the correct torque to give the required gasket assembly stress. The use of torque wrenches, hydraulic bolt tensioners or other loading devices can assist achievement of the correct gasket stress.

The application of release agents to the gasket or flanges may cause gasket failure.

Because conditions of use are beyond the manufacturer's control, it is the responsibility of the user to ensure that the product is suitable for the intended use.

WARNING: Catastrophic gasket failure can be caused by steam or water hammer. Steam or water hammer can cause an instantaneous increase in internal pressure on the assembly that far exceeds the design or test pressures. Where water hammer exists, the basic problem should be corrected. DO NOT USE AP MATERIAL IN APPLICATIONS WHERE WATER OR STEAM HAMMER MAY STRESS THE GASKET BEYOND ITS DESIGN TOLERANCES

The information above is believed to be accurate and represents the best information available to us. However, we make no warranty expressed or implied, with respect to such information, and we assume no liability resulting from its use.

[Optional, not required under WHMIS]