

## **Safety Data Sheet**

Section 1 – Identificatio	n of the S	Substand	e/Preparati	on, ar	nd of the	Company		
Product Identifier:			-	*	[WHMIS Cla		<u>.</u>	
AP Style # 470					N/A			
Product Use:					I			
Gasketing								
Manufacturer's Name:			Supplie	er's Name	):			
Curtiss-Wright				Curtiss-Wright				
Street Address:			Street /	Street Address:				
18001 Sheldon Road			1800	1 Shel	don Road			
City:		State:	City:	City:			State:	
Middleburg Hts.		ОН	Midd	Middleburg Hts.			ОН	
Postal Code:	Emergency	Telephone:	Postal	Postal Code: Emergency		Emergency Te	Telephone:	
44130	+1.216.2	1.216.267.3200 44		0	+1.216.267		7.3200	
Date MSDS Prepared:	ared: MSDS Prepared B		pared By:	y: Phone Numb		Phone Number:		
2/17/2016	Raymor		nd Moody	Moody		+1.216.267.3200		
						l		
Section 2 -Composition	/Informa							
Hazardous Ingredients	%	CAS	Number	OSH	IA PEL		ACGIH TLV	
(specific)								
Non-Hazardous								
Section 3 – Hazards Ide								
Route of Entry:   Skin Absor	ption		tact 🗵 In	halation	⊠ In	gestion		
[Emergency Overview]								
Release of large amounts of Dermal irritation and allergic Contains fibers and particular demands	skin react	tion if dust	contacts skir	n for pr	olonged o	r repeated pe	eriods. WARNING:	
damage.								



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[WHMIS Symbols]			
N/A			
[Potential Health Hazard]			
Eye – Eye contact may cause	slight chemical and mechanical irritation	on.	
Skin - Dermal irritation and al cause abrasion with resulting		n for prolonged or repeated periods. May	
Inhalation - Release of large a disease (fibrosis).	amounts of dust may cause upper resp	iratory tract irritation and dust related lung	
Ingestion – Low toxicity if inge	ested.		
Section 4 – First Aid Mea	sures		
Skin Contact:		,	
Frequent washing will deter to	ansitory chemical and mechanical deri	matitis. If rash develops consult a physician	
Eye Contact:			
Immediately wash eyes with	water for at least 5 minutes. Seek med	ical attention is discomfort persists.	
Inhalation:			
Remove patient to fresh air. S	eek medical attention.		
Ingestion:			
Induce vomiting and seek me	dical attention.		
Section 5 – Fire Fighting	Moscuroe		
Flammable: If yes	s, under what conditions?		
⊠ Yes □ No Hea			
Means of Extinction:			
Use water, DRY chemical, cal	bon dioxide, foam, or water spray. Use	e adequate personal protective equipment	
Flashpoint (°C) and Method:	Upper Flammable Limit (% by Volume):	Lower Flammable Limit (% by Volume):	
No data	No data	No data	
Auto ignition Temperature (°C):	Explosion Data – Sensitivity to impact:	Explosion Data – Sensitivity to Static Discharge:	



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No data	No dat	a	N	No data	
Hazardous Combustion Products:	I				
Carbon Monoxide					
[NFPA]:					
N/A					
Section 6 – Accidental	Release Measu	ıres			
Leak and Spill Procedures:					
As sheet Gasketing, produvacuum fitted with a HEPA	•		. Accumulated	d dust may be vacuumed us	sing a
Section 7 – Handling a					
Handling Procedures and Equipmer	ıt:				
In normal handling of shee	et and gaskets, no	significant release	e of dust occu	rs.	
Storage Requirements:					
While there are no hazards	s associated with s	storage we recomr	mend the follo	wing storage conditions.	
Storage temperature below	w 75°F				
Humidity between 50% - 6	50%				
Darkened storage room					
If these conditions are me	t, a useful life of 5	years can be expe	ected.		
Section 8 – Exposure (	<b>Controls/Persor</b> ] ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL		on (on a cita)	
•			□ Oth	er (specify)	
Specific Engineering Controls (such	as ventilation, enclosure	process)			
Ventilation needed only for	dust-producing a	ctivities. Local exh	aust may be	necessary for some applica	ıtions.
Personal Protective Equipment	⊠ Gloves ⊠ Res	spirator 🗵 Eye	☐ Footwear	oxtimes clothing $oxtimes$ other	
If marked, please specify type:					
•	· ·		•	vering clothing should be no	
vvnen prolonged or freque	int repeated conta	ct could occur, use	e protective cl	othing and gloves such as	putyl



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rubber to prevent skin irritation and dermatitis.

**Section 9 – Physical and Chemical Properties** 

Respiratory Protection - Respiratory protection is not required under normal processing of sheet gaskets. Respiratory protection is required when dust-emitting activates (grinding, pile driving, sanding, etc.) are performed. Use only NIOSH/MSHA approved air-purifying respirators or positive pressure, self-contained breathing apparatus when exposure guidelines are greatly exceeded. In confined or poorly ventilated areas, use approved SCBA device.

Eye Protection – Safety glasses are recommended when dust-emitting activates occur.

Physical State:	Odor and Appearance:	Odor Threshold:		
Solid	Slight odor, Black in color	Not relevant		
Specific Gravity:	Vapor Density (air =1):	Vapor Pressure (mmHg):		
1.8	N/A	N/A		
Evaporation rate:	Boiling Point (°C):	Freezing Point (°C):		
N/A	N/A	N/A		
pH:	Coefficient of Water / Oil Distribution:	[Solubility in Water]:		
N/A	N/A	Insoluble		
Section 10 – Stability and I	Reactivity If no, under which conditions?			
⊠ Yes □ No				
Incompatibility With Other Substances I	If yes, which ones?			
⊠ Yes □ No	Strong oxidizers, strong Acids and bases			
decomposition.	en flame, welding arcs, or high temperate	ture sources which induce thermal		
Reactivity and under what conditions:				
(Specific materials to avoid) Avocause premature product deger		pases. Exposure to these chemicals may		
Hazardous Decomposition Product:				



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Carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide.

Section 11 – Toxicological Information	
Effects of Acute Exposure:	·
Inhalation or ingestion of finely divided powde	er or dust may be harmful.
Effects of Chronic Exposure:	
Contains fibers and particulates. Avoid Creating damage.	ng dust. Breathing Gasket dust may cause permanent lung
Irritancy of Product:	
Relative	
Skin Sensitization:	Respiratory Sensitization:
Relative	Relative
Carcinogenicity – IARC:	Carcinogenicity – ACGIH:
Not listed as Carcinogenic	Not listed as Carcinogenic
Reproductive Toxicity:	Teratogenicity:
No data available	No data available
Embryo toxicity:	Mutagenicity:
No data available	No data available
Name of Synergistic Products / Effects:	
No data available	
[Optional, no	ot required under WHMIS]
Section 12 – Ecological Information Aquatic Toxicity:	

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

No data available



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Waste Disposal:

Sheet gasket materials are not hazardous waste as defined under RCRA. However, since waste disposal laws vary within states and municipalities, disposal of these products should be in accordance with all local, state, and federal laws and regulations (contact local or state environmental agencies for specific rules).

Section 14 – Transport Information	
Special Shipping Information:	
No special precautions necessary.	
	PIN
	N/A
TDG:	[DOT]
N/A	Not regulated
[IMO]	[ICAO]
N/A	N/A
Section 15 – Regulatory Information	
[WHMIS Classification]	[OSHA]
Not regulated	Not regulated
[SERA]	[TSCA]
Not regulated	Not regulated
	th the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and MSDS all of the information required by CPR.

#### Section 16 – Other Information

Use: The limitations of use decrease significantly as gasket thickness increases. Do not use a thicker gasket material or "double gaskets" to solve a gasket problem without first consulting the manufacturer. Curtiss-Wright engineers can advise on gasket selection and installation based on specified operating conditions. If you are in any doubt, visit our website at <a href="https://www.cwnuclear.com">www.cwnuclear.com</a>, fax us at 724-295-6201 or phone us at +1.216.267.3200.

All gaskets should be cut by trained personnel only. Incorrect cutting can produce weaknesses in a gasket that may not be visible, but could cause failure. Gasket installation should be carried out by trained personnel only.

The ability of a gasket material to make and maintain a seal depends not only on the quality of the gasket



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material, but also on medium being sealed, the flange design, the amount of pressure applied to the gasket by the bolts and how the gasket is assembled into the flanges and tightened.

The higher the operating pressure and/or temperature, the greater the care and expertise required in selecting and installing gaskets. This includes, but is not limited to: confirmation that the flanges are suitable for the intended use; the finish on the flange faces; the parallelism of the flange faces; confirmation that the studs, bolts, washers and nuts are suitable for the intended use and in good condition; no anti stick compound is applied to the flanges or gaskets; confirmation that the gasket material and thickness are suitable for the intended use; and the gasket is evenly loaded by the correct tightening sequence of the bolts or studs, and to the correct torque to give the required gasket assembly stress. The use of torque wrenches, hydraulic bolt tensioners or other loading devices can assist achievement of the correct gasket stress.

The application of release agents to the gasket or flanges may cause gasket failure.

Because conditions of use are beyond the manufacturer's control, it is the responsibility of the user to ensure that the product is suitable for the intended use.

WARNING: Catastrophic gasket failure can be caused by steam or water hammer. Steam or water hammer can cause an instantaneous increase in internal pressure on the assembly that far exceeds the design or test pressures. Where water hammer exists, the basic problem should be corrected. DO NOT USE AP MATERIAL IN APPLICATIONS WHERE WATER OR STEAM HAMMER MAY STRESS THE GASKET BEYOND ITS DESIGN TOLERANCES

The information above is believed to be accurate and represents the best information available to us. However, we make no warranty expressed or implied, with respect to such information, and we assume no liability resulting from its use.

[Optional, not required under WHMIS]