

Safety Data Sheet

Product Identifier:	OH OH	the Sul	ostance/Pre	paratio		WHMIS Clas		/
AP Style # 449					ı	N/A		
Product Use:								
Gasketing								
Manufacturer's Name:				Supplier's Name:				
Curtiss-Wright				Curtiss-Wright				
Street Address:				Street Add	dress:			
18001 Sheldon Road				18001 Sheldon Road				
City:		;	State:	City:			State:	
Middleburg Hts.	iddleburg Hts.		ОН	Middleburg Hts.			ОН	
Postal Code:	Emer	gency Tele	phone:	Postal Code: Emergency T		Telephone:		
44130	+1.2	+1.216.267.3200		44130 +1.216.2		+1.216.2	67.3200	
Date MSDS Prepared:	MSDS Prepared By			y:			Phone Number:	
2/1/16	Raymond Mo		+1.216.20		7.3200			
Section 2 -Composition	n/Info	rmatio	n on Ingred	lients				
Hazardous Ingredients (specific)		%	CAS Num		OSH	A PEL		ACGIH TLV
Hydroxylamine		<0.01%	5470-11-1					
Section 3 – Hazards Id	entific	ation						
Route of Entry:	n Absorpt	tion/contact	t 🗵 I	Eye Contact		⊠ Inf	nalation	
[Emergency Overview]								
Release of large amounts Dermal irritation and allerg Contains fibers and particula damage.	ic skin	reaction	if dust conta	icts skin f	or prol	onged or	repeated	periods. WARNING:



Safety Data Sheet

[WHMIS Symbols]					
N/A					
[Potential Health Hazard]					
Eye – Eye contact may ca	ause slight	chemical and mechanical irritation.			
Skin - Dermal irritation ar cause abrasion with resu	•		prolonged or repeated periods. May		
Inhalation - Release of large amounts of dust may cause upper respiratory tract irritation and dust related lung disease (fibrosis).					
Ingestion – Low toxicity if	f ingested.				
Section 4 – First Aid I	Measures				
Skin Contact:					
Frequent washing will de	ter transitor	y chemical and mechanical dermat	itis. If rash develops consult a physician.		
Eye Contact:					
Immediately wash eyes v	with water fo	or at least 5 minutes. Seek medical	attention is discomfort persists.		
Inhalation:					
Remove patient to fresh a	air. Seek me	edical attention.			
Ingestion:					
Induce vomiting and seek	medical at	tention.			
Osstina E. Eins Eint	•				
Section 5 – Fire Fight Flammable:		IFES /hat conditions?			
⊠ Yes □ No	Heat Flame				
Means of Extinction:					
Use water, DRY chemica	l, carbon di	oxide, foam, or water spray. Use ac	lequate personal protective equipment.		
Flashpoint (°C) and Method:		Upper Flammable Limit (% by Volume):	Lower Flammable Limit (% by Volume):		
>300°C		No data	Unknown		
Auto ignition Temperature (°C):		Explosion Data – Sensitivity to impact:	Explosion Data – Sensitivity to Static Discharge:		



Safety Data Sheet

>300°C	Unknown		Unknown		
Hazardous Combustion Products:					
Carbon Monoxide					
[NFPA]:					
N/A					
Section 6 - Accidenta	al Release Measures				
Leak and Spill Procedures:					
As sheet Gasketing, provacuum fitted with a HEF	•		mulated dust may be	vacuumed usir	ig a
Section 7 – Handling Handling Procedures and Equipm					
In normal handling of she		ificant release of du	ist occurs.		
Storage Requirements:					
While there are no hazar	ds associated with stora	ge we recommend	the following storage o	conditions.	
Storage temperature bel	ow 75°F				
Humidity between 50% -	60%				
Darkened storage room					
If these conditions are m	et, a useful life of 5 year	rs can be expected.			
Section 8 – Exposure	Controls/Personal F	Protection			
Exposure limits:	☐ ACGIH TLV	☐ OSHA PEL	☐ Other	(specify)	
Specific Engineering Controls (suc	ch as ventilation, enclosure proces	ss)			
Ventilation needed only f	or dust-producing activit	ies. Local exhaust r	nay be necessary for s	some application	ns.
Personal Protective Equipment	☐ Gloves ☐ Respirato	or ⊠ Eye □ I	ootwear 🗵 clothing	☐ other	
If marked, please specify type:					
Skin protection - For brie When prolonged or frequ	•				



Safety Data Sheet

rubber to prevent skin irritation and dermatitis.

Section 9 – Physical and Chemical Properties

Respiratory Protection - Respiratory protection is not required under normal processing of sheet gaskets. Respiratory protection is required when dust-emitting activates (grinding, pile driving, sanding, etc.) are performed. Use only NIOSH/MSHA approved air-purifying respirators or positive pressure, self-contained breathing apparatus when exposure guidelines are greatly exceeded. In confined or poorly ventilated areas, use approved SCBA device.

Eye Protection – Safety glasses are recommended when dust-emitting activates occur.

Physical State:	Odor and Appearance:	Odor Threshold:				
Solid	Slight odor, off-white or tan in color	Not relevant				
Specific Gravity:	Vapor Density (air =1):	Vapor Pressure (mmHg):				
.92	N/A	N/A				
Evaporation rate:	Boiling Point (°C):	Freezing Point (°C):				
N/A	N/A	N/A				
pH:	Coefficient of Water / Oil Distribution:	[Solubility in Water]:				
N/A	N/A	Insoluble				
Section 10 – Stability and Reactivity Chemical Stability						
⊠ Yes □ No						
Incompatibility With Other Substances	If yes, which ones?					
⊠ Yes □ No	Strong oxidizers, strong Acids and bases					
(Conditions to avoid) Avoid open flame, welding arcs, or high temperature sources which induce thermal decomposition.						
Reactivity and under what conditions:						
(Specific materials to avoid) Avoid strong oxidizers, strong Acids and bases. Exposure to these chemicals may						
cause premature product degeneration.						
Hazardous Decomposition Product:						



Safety Data Sheet

Carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide.

Section 11 – Toxicological Information				
Effects of Acute Exposure:				
Inhalation or ingestion of finely divided powder or dust may	y be harmful.			
Effects of Chronic Exposure:				
Contains fibers and particulates. Avoid Creating dust. Brea	athing Gasket dust may cause permanent lung			
damage.				
Irritancy of Product:				
Relative				
Skin Sensitization:	Respiratory Sensitization:			
Relative	Relative			
Carcinogenicity – IARC:	Carcinogenicity – ACGIH:			
Not listed as Carcinogenic	Not listed as Carcinogenic			
Reproductive Toxicity:	Teratogenicity:			
No data available	No data available			
Embryo toxicity:	Mutagenicity:			
No data available	No data available			
Name of Synergistic Products / Effects:	1			
No data available				

[Optional, not required under WHMIS]

Section 12 – Ecological Information

Aquatic Toxicity:

No data available

Section 13 – Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal:

Sheet gasket materials are *not* hazardous waste as defined under RCRA. However, since waste disposal laws vary within states and municipalities, disposal of these products should be in accordance with all local, state,



Safety Data Sheet

and federal laws and regulations (contact local or state environmental agencies for specific rules).

Section 14 – Transport Information				
Special Shipping Information:				
No special precautions necessary.				
		PIN		
		N/A		
TDG:	[DOT]	I		
N/A	Not regulated			
[IMO]	[ICAO]			
N/A	N/A			
Section 15 – Regulatory Information				
[WHMIS Classification]	[OSHA]			
Not regulated	Not regulated			
[SERA]	[TSCA]			
Not regulated	Not regulated			
This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and MSDS contains all of the information required by CPR.				

Section 16 - Other Information

Use: The limitations of use decrease significantly as gasket thickness increases. Do not use a thicker gasket material or "double gaskets" to solve a gasket problem without first consulting the manufacturer. Curtiss-Wright engineers can advise on gasket selection and installation based on specified operating conditions. If you are in any doubt, visit our website at www.cwnuclear.com, fax us at 724-295-6201 or phone us at +1.216.267.3200.

All gaskets should be cut by trained personnel only. Incorrect cutting can produce weaknesses in a gasket that may not be visible, but could cause failure. Gasket installation should be carried out by trained personnel only.

The ability of a gasket material to make and maintain a seal depends not only on the quality of the gasket material, but also on medium being sealed, the flange design, the amount of pressure applied to the gasket by the bolts and how the gasket is assembled into the flanges and tightened.





Safety Data Sheet

The higher the operating pressure and/or temperature, the greater the care and expertise required in selecting and installing gaskets. This includes, but is not limited to: confirmation that the flanges are suitable for the intended use; the finish on the flange faces; the parallelism of the flange faces; confirmation that the studs, bolts, washers and nuts are suitable for the intended use and in good condition; no anti stick compound is applied to the flanges or gaskets; confirmation that the gasket material and thickness are suitable for the intended use; and the gasket is evenly loaded by the correct tightening sequence of the bolts or studs, and to the correct torque to give the required gasket assembly stress. The use of torque wrenches, hydraulic bolt tensioners or other loading devices can assist achievement of the correct gasket stress.

The application of release agents to the gasket or flanges may cause gasket failure.

Because conditions of use are beyond the manufacturer's control, it is the responsibility of the user to ensure that the product is suitable for the intended use.

WARNING: Catastrophic gasket failure can be caused by steam or water hammer. Steam or water hammer can cause an instantaneous increase in internal pressure on the assembly that far exceeds the design or test pressures. Where water hammer exists, the basic problem should be corrected. DO NOT USE AP MATERIAL IN APPLICATIONS WHERE WATER OR STEAM HAMMER MAY STRESS THE GASKET BEYOND ITS DESIGN TOLERANCES

The information above is believed to be accurate and represents the best information available to us. However, we make no warranty expressed or implied, with respect to such information, and we assume no liability resulting from its use.

[Optional, not required under WHMIS]